

ANNUAL REPORT 2011

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. S. S. Rathore

Mr. A. K. Sharma - IAS

Mr. P. C. Purabia

Mr. P. P. Vakharia

Mr. R. K. Chauhan

Mr. K. Ramchand

Mr. Ashok Totlani

Mr. Manu Kochhar

Mr. George Cherian

Mr. Rakesh Singhvi

STATUTORY AUDITOR

Deloitte Haskins & Sells Chartered Accountants 12, Dr. Annie Besant Road, Opp. Shiv Sagar Estate, Worli, Mumbai - 400 018

OUR BANKERS

Central Bank of India Lal Darwaja Branch, Ahmedabad - 380 001 IFB Branch, Race Course, Vadodara - 390 023

HDFC Bank Limited S. G. Highway, Ahmedabad - 380 009

REGISTERED OFFICE

Office of the Secretary

Roads & Buildings Department,

Sachivalaya, Block No. 14, Second Floor,

Gandhinagar - 390 010

301, Shapath - 1, Opp. Rajpath Club, Sarkhej-Gandhinagar Highway, Bodakdev, Ahmedabad – 380 015 Telephone: +91 79 26873413 Fax: +91 79 26870094 e-mail: gricl@vsnl.net

DIRECTORS' REPORT

To,
The Shareholders,
Gujarat Road and Infrastructure Company Limited

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the Twelfth Annual Report together with the Audited Accounts for the year ended March 31, 2011.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Company earned total revenues of Rs. 865.85 Mn during the year under review by the way of toll revenue and other income from the Ahmedabad Mehsana Road Project and Vadodara Halol Road Project. The highlights for the Year 2010-2011 vis-à-Vis the Year 2009-2010 are presented below:

(Rs. in Mn)

Particulars	F.Y 2010-2011	F.Y 2009-2010
Income	865.85	756.58
Expenses	669.56	563.94
Profit Before Taxes	196.29	192.64
Provision for Taxation	356.84	10.87
Profit / (Loss) After Taxes	(160.55)	181.77

DIVIDEND

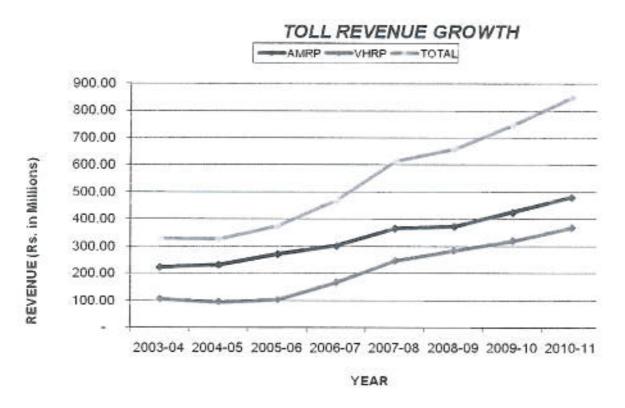
Due to accumulated losses of previous years, the Directors are unable to recommend dividend for the year.

OPERATIONS

During the year, the Company's operations have increased in terms of net cash flow compared to the previous year. Toll Collection and maintenance on both the road stretches under GRICL have been augmented as per the performance standards and user requirements. There has been no major user complaint received for either of road project's of the Company. The Average Toll Revenue/Day has increased from Rs. 2.05mn to Rs. 2.33mn in 2010-11, registering an increase of 13.66%.



The Revenue Growth is depicted in the following chart.



VADODARA HALOL ROAD PROJECT

The Company was able to successfully auction the toll collection during the year with an increase of 25.55% over the previous year's auction amount. The auction process was done on-line through a Government of Gujarat undertaking agency. The necessary agreement has been signed for auction and the agency has been remitting installments regularly in the Escrow Account. The contract has been awarded for a period of one year commencing from September 7, 2010.

Routine Maintenance is being undertaken by the designated agency whereas maintenance of arboriculture is being undertaken by the Company. The Company has a well equipped ambulance with trained medical assistants and providing towing facility in case of accidents and ensuring project road, free of hindrances.

AHMEDABAD MEHSANA ROAD PROJECT

The Company was able to successfully auction the toll collection during the year with an increase of 26.20% over the previous year's auction amount. The auction process was done on-line through a Government of Gujarat undertaking agency. The necessary agreement has been signed for auction and the agency has been remitting installments regularly in the Escrow Account. The Contract has been awarded for a period of one year commencing from February 2, 2011

The Operation and Maintenance of the project road has been undertaken by the designated contractor as per requirement and there have been no major user complaints. Ambulances at both



toll plaza's and the tow vehicle have been deployed to attend to accidents and to ensure free passage for the traffic.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

Pursuant to the above, the following Committees of the Board of Directors of the Company have been constituted for good corporate governance and focused attention on the affairs of the Company:

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is comprised of Mr. K Ramchand, Mr. P. P. Vakharia, Mr. George Cherian and Mr. Rakesh Singhvi. This Committee had four meetings during the year under review.

DIRECTORS

In terms of the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Ashok Totlani and Mr. S.S. Rathore - Directors of the Company, retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company and being eligible, offered themselves for reappointment.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Section 217 (2AA) of the Companies Act, 1956 as amended in December 2000 requires the Board of Directors to provide a statement to the members of the Company in connection with the maintenance of the books, records, preparation of Annual Accounts in conformity with the accepted accounting standards and past practices followed by the Company. Pursuant to Section 217(2AA) of the Companies Act 1956, the Board of Directors confirm as under: -

- Proper accounting standards have been adopted whilst preparing the annual accounts and proper explanations have been given for any material departures therefrom except to the extent as disclosed in the notes to the Accounts.
- 2) Proper and reasonable accounting policies have been applied on a consistent basis except for the Provision of Depreciation on the Toll Road Facility, which has since been changed to normal depreciation from the commencement of the Toll Facility instead of Sinking Fund method followed earlier.
- 3) Proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act and as per the Concession Agreement so as to safeguard the assets of the Company and prevent and detect fraud and irregularities.
- The Annual Accounts for the year under review have been prepared on a going concern basis.



PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The Company did not have any employees drawing remuneration as set out under section 217(2A) of the Companies Act 1956 read with Companies Particulars of Employees Rules, 1975 during the year under review.

ENERGY CONSERVATION, TECHNOLOGY, ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO

The Company does not carry on any manufacturing activities hence particulars with regard to energy conservation and technology absorption are not applicable the Company. The Company has not incurred any foreign exchange expenditure on account of foreign travel during the year under review.

FIXED DEPOSIT

The Company has not accepted any Fixed Deposits during the year under review.

STATUTORY AUDITORS

Messrs Deloitte Haskins & Sells, Chartered Accountants, Statutory Auditors of the Company retire and have conveyed their willingness to continue as Auditors, if re-appointed, at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company.

GOVERNMENT SUPPORT

As you would be aware, the Projects embarked upon by the company are in terms of the Concession Agreement for a period of 30 years. The Company continues to receive valuable support from the State Government.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Board of Directors place on record the continued and invaluable support received from the Government of Gujarat and the Financial Institutions and Banks of the Company.

By Order of the Board

Sol auha-

Director

Director

C George ..

Gandhinagar

Date: APAI 20, 2011

Chartered Accountants 12, Dr. Annie Besant Road Opp. 9nv Sagar Estate Worll, Mumbas - 400 018 India

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AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF GUJARAT ROAD AND INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED

- We have audited the attached Balance Sheet of GUJARAT ROAD AND INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED ("the Company") as at 31st March, 2011, the Profit and Loss Account and the Cash Flow Statement of the Company for the year ended on that date, both annexed thereto. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's Management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.
- We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in India. Those Standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by the Management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003 ("CARO" / "Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 227(4A) of the Companies Act, 1956, we enclose in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 4 and 5 of the said Order.
- Further to our comments in the Annexure referred to in paragraph 3 above, we report as follows:
 - we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (iii) the Balance Sheet, the Profit and Loss Account and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (iv) in our opinion, the Balance Sheet, the Profit and Loss Account and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in compliance with the Accounting Standards referred to in Section 211(3C) of the Companies Act, 1956;
 - (v) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the said accounts give the information required by the Companies Act. 1956 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:
 - in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2011;



- in the case of the Profit and Loss Account, of the loss of the Company for the year ended on that date; and
- (c) in the case of the Cash Flow Statement, of the eash flows of the Company for the year ended on that date.
- On the basis of the written representations received from the Directors as on 31st March, 2011 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the Directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2011 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 274(1)(g) of the Companies Act, 1986.

For DELOTTTE HASKINS & SELLS

Chartered Accountants (Registration No.117366W)

Sanjiv V. Pilgaonkar Partner (Membership No.39826)

MUMBAL APRIL 20, 2011



ANNEXURE TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT (Referred to in paragraph (3) of our report of even date)

- Having regard to the nature of the Company's business/activities/results, provisions of paragraph 4(xiii) of CARO are not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) In respect of its fixed assets:
 - (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of the fixed assets.
 - (b) The fixed assets were physically verified during the year by the Management in accordance with a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, provides for physical verification of all the fixed assets at reasonable intervals. According to the information and explanation given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) The fixed assets disposed off during the year, in our opinion, do not constitute a substantial part of the fixed assets of the Company and such disposal has, in our opinion, not affected the going concern status of the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the nature of the activities of the Company did not require it to hold inventories during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 4(ii) of CARO are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) The Company has neither granted nor taken any loans, secured or unsecured, to/from companies, firms or other parties listed in the Register maintained under Section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956. Accordingly, provisions of paragraph 4(iii) (a) to (g) of CARO are not applicable to the Company.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are adequate internal control systems commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business for the purchase of fixed assets and for sale of services. The nature of the Company's business is such that, it does not involve purchase or sale of goods. During the course of our audit, we have not observed any major weaknesses in such internal control system.
- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no contracts or arrangements that were required to be entered in the Register maintained in pursuance of Section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 4(v) (a) and (b) of CARO are not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit from the public during the year and no order has been passed in this respect by the Company Law Board, National Company Law Fribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or any other Tribunal.
- (viii) In our opinion, the internal audit functions carried out during the year by a firm of Chartered Accountants appointed by the Management have been commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.



- (ix) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 209(1)(d) of the Companies Act. 1956, for the nature of services rendered by the Company, Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 4(viii) of CARO are not applicable to the Company.
- (x) According to the information and explanations given to us in respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed dues, including Income Tax. Service Tax, and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities. According to the information & explanation given to us, there were no dues payable on account of Provident Fund, Investor Education and Protection Fund, Employee's State Insurance, Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, Custom duty, Excise Duty and Cess during the year.
 - (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Income-tax, Wealth Tax, Sales Fax, Custom Duty, Excise Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at 31st March, 2011 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (c) There were no disputed dues as regards Sales Tax, Service Tax, Custom Duty, Wealth Tax, Excise Duty and Cess which have not been deposited as on 31st March, 2011. The details of dues in relation to Income Tax which have not been deposited as at 31st March, 2011 on account of disputes are given below.

Name of the Statute	Nature of the dues	Amount (in Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates to	dispute is
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax (including interest)	76,107,410	Assessment Year 2008-09	Commissioner of Income Lax (Appeals)

- (xi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the accumulated losses of the Company as at the end of the financial year have not exceeded 50% of its net worth after taking into account the credit to General Reserve consequent to recognition of the foil Receivable Account (See Note no. 11 in Schedule K) as a part of the net worth. The Company has not incurred eash losses in the financial year and in immediately preceding financial year.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of dues to banks and financial institutions.

According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no amounts due for repayment during the period in respect of the debentures and deep discount bonds issued by the Company.



- (xiii) In our opinion, the Company has not granted loans and advances on the basis of security by way of pledge of shares, debentures and other securities. Therefore, the provisions of paragraph 4(xii) of CARO are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not dealing or trading in shares, securities, debentures or other investments. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 4(xiv) of CARO are not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not given any guarantee for loans taken by others from banks or financial institutions. Therefore, the provisions of paragraph 4(xv) of CARO are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the term loans have been applied for the purposes for which they were obtained.
- (xvii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the Balance Sheet, we report that funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term investment;
- (xviii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made preferential allotment of shares to parties and companies covered in the Register maintained under Section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 4 (xviii) of CARO are not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us, securities / charges have been created in respect of debentures and deep discount bonds issued by the Company.
- (xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any money by public issue. Therefore, the provisions of paragraph 4(xx) of CARO are not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) For the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no traind by the Company and no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.

For DELOTTE HASKINS & SELLS

Chartered Accountants (Registration, Np. 117306W)

> Sanjiy V. Pilgaonkar Partner (Membership No.39826)

MUNIBAL APRIL 20, 2011



GUJARAT ROAD AND INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2011

	Schedule	As at 3	1-Mar-11	As at 3	1-Mar-10
SOURCES OF FUNDS					100
SHARE HOLDERS' FUNDS					
Capital	Α-	1.265.422,710		. 1/5 -172 740	
Hoserves and Surplus	B	971,050,312	2.236, 473,022	1,265,422,710	1,397,022,0
	30	373,030,372	4,4,71,710,62	7,131,377,277	4,377,022.0
Advance towards Capital / Debt (Refer Schedule K - Note No. 4)	1		1,050,000,000 1		1.050.000.0
LOAN FUNDS	1				
Secured Loans	c	2,431,440,411	9	2,595,708,497	
Unsecured Loans			2,431,440,411		2.595.708,4
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY (net) (Refer Schedule K, Note No. 12			367,702,768		
TOTAL			6.085,616,201	_	5,042,730,50
APPLICATION OF FUNDS					0,042,730,30
FIXED ASSETS Gross Block		77. 999 3337 3337		- national desired by the	
Less: Depreciation / Amortisation		1.757,099,952		4,748,691,272	
Het Block	D -	3,916,089,607	1 2	745,935,438	
Add: Capital Work in-Progress		3,710,007,007	3,916.089.607	4.002.755.834 2.187,231	4.004.943.00
TOLL RECEIVABLE ACCOUNT (Refer Schedule K, Note No. 11)			2,033,496,000		2,033,496.00
CURRENT ASSETS, LOANS AND ADVANCES	E		5-22-20-E-0-0-12		\$1000 BEAUTION
cau inventories					
(h) Sundry Debtors		9.667,377		1.364,936	
icl Cash and Baok Balances		701.937.7%		1/0,548,324	
(d) Other Current Assets		7,703,389		703,215	
(e) Loans and Advances		61,594,801		1.508.951	
5950 SH-98-8-C		776,983,363	-	134,125,426	
ESS: CURRENT LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS	F				
(a) Current Liabilities		140.633.688		120,665,577	
(b) Provisions		219.081		9.168,410	
2004-01000-0400-0100-0	-	140,872,769		129.833.987	
ET CURRENT ASSETS			136,030,594		1,291,43
Port & Loss Account Debit Galance		199.203,293	89	278 654 308	
ess: Admisted assurest balance in Reserves and Surplus	-	169,703,793		128,654,308	
OTAL					
OTAL		20	5,085,616,201		6,042,730,504

Significant accounting policies.

Statements

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inhedules. All to 'K' annexed hereto form a part of the financial statements.

In terms of our report attached For Deloitte Haskins & Sells Charlered Accountants

Sanjiv V. Pilgaonkar Partner

Place: Humbai

CHARTERED OF ACCOUNTANTS E

For and on behalf of the Board

Chief Executive Officer

Director

Director

(a)m)

Manager & Company Secretary



GUJARAT ROAD AND INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED Profit & Loss Account for the year ended March 31, 2011

(Amount in Rs.)

			(Amount in Rs.
	Schedule	For the year ended 31-Mar-11	For th year ende 31-Mar-1
		2.1300 11	31 1103
INCOME			
Toll Revenue	1	850,472,721	747,415,627
Other Income	G	15,375,919	9,163,468
Total Income		865,848,640	756,579,095
EXPENSES			
Toll Operation Expenses		61,579,977	54,172,280
Asset Management Cost (Refer Schedule K, Note No. 22)	1 1	122,591,898	28,822,111
Administrative and General Expenses	н	60,983,694	41,444,522
Interest and Finance Charges	1 1	329,170,161	345,650,058
Depreciation / Amortisation	1	95,235,527	93,852,174
Total Expenses		669,561,257	563,941,145
Profit before tax		196,287,383	192,637,950
Provision for tax (Refer Schedule K, Note No.12)-	1 1	247300 23400 23400	
Less: Provision for current tax - Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)	1 1	(39,121,100)	(10,866,400)
Less: Deferred tax (charge)	1 1	(367,702,768)	8377
Add: MAT Credit (including adjustment relating to an earlier period)	1 1	49,987,500	
Profit / (Loss) after tax		(160,548,985)	181,771,550
Transfer to Debenture Redemption Reserve			(5,000,000)
		(160,548,985)	176,771,550
Balance of loss brought forward		(328,654,308)	(505,425,858)
Loss carried forward to Balance Sheet		(489,203,293)	(328,654,308)

Earnings Per Share - (Face Value of Rs. 10) (Refer Schedule K - Note No. 19)

- Basic and diluted

(1.96)

1.78

Significant accounting policies Notes to the financial statements

K

Schedules "A" to "K" annexed hereto form a part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board

Sanjiv V. Pilgaonkar

Partner

Place: Mumbers Date: April 20, 2011 Chief Executive Officer

Director

Director

Chief Financial Officer

Manager & Company Secretary

Place: Grandhunagar

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GUJARAT ROAD AND INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2011

			(Amount in Rs
		For the year ended 31-Mar-2011	For the year ende 31-Mar-201
(A) CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net Profit for the year before tax		196,287,383	192,637,950
Adjustments for the year		770,207,303	172,637,930
Depreciation / Amortisation		75,235,527	93,852,17-
Provision for compensated absences		127,176	148,84
Provision for gratuity		(162,181)	10,30
Finance and Interest Charges		329,170,161	345,650,058
Loss on sale of assets (Net)		31,732	72,278
Provision for doubtful debts/(write back)		(60,000)	640,000
Provisions written back		100,000	198,967
Interest Income		(4,392,726)	(169,719
		616,237,072	632,545,230
Changes in Working Capital		3,0,127,471	032,343,230
(Increase) in Debtors		(742,441)	14,796,564
(Increase) / Decrease in Loans & Advances and Other Current /	Assets	(6,703,388)	159,615
Increase / (Decrease) in Current Liabilities	20203	13,189,731	(9.891.725
		5,743,902	(14,528,674
Cash generated from operations		621,980,974	618,016,556
Income Tax Paid (Net of refund)		(51,016,945)	(1.827,090
Net cash flow from Operating Activities	(a)	570.964,029	616,189,466
(B) CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from Sale of fixed assets		7,200	22,000
Fixed Assets purchased during the period		(5,863,420)	(13,108,777
Fixed Deposits (placed) with maturity period of more than 3 mo	nths	1401, 106, 256)	781,947
Fixed Deposits encashed with maturity period of more than 3 in	onths	216,763,671	000 M
Interest Income		1.812.246	27,586
TDS on luterest Income		(113,135)	15.1951
Net cash used in Investing Activities	191	(186,699,694)	(12,782,269)
(C) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Finance and Interest Charges		(204,801,924)	(237, 457, 707)
Repayment of Long term Borrowing		(282,415,524)	(282,415,524)
Net Cash used in Financing Activities	(c)		(519,873,231)
Net (Decrease) / Increase in Cash & Cash Equivalents ((a)+(b)+	(c))	(102,953,113)	83,533,966







GUJARAT ROAD AND INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2011

(Amount in Rs.

		(Amount in Rs.
	For the year ended 31-Mar-2011	For the yea ender 31-Mar-2010
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash & Cash equivalents as at the end of the year	17,595,211	120,548,324
Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the year	120,548,324	37,014,358
Net (Decrease) / Increase in Cash & Cash Equivalents	(102,953,113)	83,533,966
COMPONENTS OF CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF THE YEAR		
Cush in hand Balances with Scheduled Bank :	33,088	68,629
- In Current Account	8.044,555	5,452,031
- In Deposit Account (original maturity of upto three months)	9,517,568	115,027,664
	17,595,211	120,548,324
- Add: term deposits with original maturity exceeding three months	184,342,585	
Cash and bank balances as per Schedule E	201,937,796	120,548,324

Schedules "A" to "K" annexed hereto form a part of the financial statements

CHARTERED

In terms of our report attached For Deloitte Haskins & Sells Chartered Accountants

Sanjiv V. Pilgaonkar Partner

Place: Mumbai Bate: April 20, 2011

For and on behalf of the Board

Chief Executive Officer

Dire

Director

Chief Elmancial Officer

anager & Company Secretary

Place: Garellingar

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SCHEDULE A: CAPITAL

			40.00
6.00	noun	4 100	De

		(Amount in As.
	As at 31-Mar-11	As at 31-Mar-10
Authorised ; - 100,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each - 45,000,000 Non Cumulative Redeemable Convertible Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid - up :	1,450,000,000	1,450,000,000
91,542,271 (31" March 2010 - 91,542,271) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up - (Refer footnote 1)	915,422,710	915,422,710
- 35,000,000 (31st March 2010 - 35,000,000) Non Curnulative Redeemable Convertible Preference Share of Rs. 10 each fully paid-up (Refer Schedule K, Note Nos. 3(c), 5, and 19 - footnote (a))	350,000,000	350,000,000
Total	1,265,422,710	1,265,422,710

Footnote: 1) Out of the total equity shares of the Company, 76,542,266 (31st March 2010 - 76,542,266) shares are held by ILΔrFS Transportation Networks Limited, the holding company; Infrastructure Leasing & Financial Services Limited is the ultimate holding company

SCHEDULE B: RESERVES & SURPLUS

(Amount in Rs.)

			Controduct at Na
1.00		As at 31-Mar-11	As a 31-Mar-1
0.0	General Reserve		
	Opening Balance (Refer Schedule K, Note No. 11)	1.445,253,605	1,445,253,60
	Less: Debit balance in Profit and Loss Account	(489.203,293)	(328,654,30
		956,050,312	1,116,599,29
	Debenture Redemption Reserve Obening balance Add: Transfer during the year	15,000,000	10,000,000 5,000,000
		15,000.000	15,000,000
ital		971,050,312	1,131,599,297







SCHEDULE C: SECURED LOANS (Refer Schedule K, Note Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9)

(Amount in Rs.)

		area constant on the ready
	As at 31-Mar-11	As at 31-Mar-10
Non Convertible Debentures	200,000,000	200,000,000
 Deep Discount Bonds (Refer footnate 1) 	1,038,928,098	920,780,660
 From Financial Institutions (Refer footnote 2) 	149,474,627	200,723,051
 From Banks (Refer footnote 3) 	383,461,739	514,934,219
- From Others (Refer footnote 4)	659.575,947	759,270,567
Total	2,431,440,411	2,595,708,497

Footnotes:

- 1 The Deep Discount Bonds include amounts payable to Banks aggregating Rs. 447,552,887 (31st March 2010 Rs. 396,662,592)
- 2 Repayable within one year Rs. 51,248,424 (31st March 2010 Rs. 51,248,424)
- 3 Repayable within one year Rs. 131,472,480 (31st March 2010 Rs. 131,472,480)
- 4 Repayable within one year Rs. 99,694,620 (31st March 2010 Rs. 99,694,620)





Schedule D : FIXED ASSETS

		Gross Block	lock			Depreciation	stion		Net Block	lock
Particulars	Opening as as 01-Apr-10	Adulters	Delectors	Crosing as at 31-war-11	Accumulated Depreciation upto 31-Mar-10	For the period	Deletium	Accumulated Depreciation Upto	As at	45 at
Tangable Assets Abmedabad Mehsaha Buad Vadodara Haluf Road (Refer footbole 1) Vehicles Data Processing Equipments Office Elemnies (Refer footbole 2) Office Equipments Furniture & Flatures Electrical installations Total Tangaba Busin	3,076,076,625 1,636,903.177 2,469,763 12,573,011 8,581,617 2,676,623 1,173,845 5,635,623	2,117,157 2,130,137 79,256 240,598 42,830		3,104,726,563 1,418,900,477 4,627,157 12,652,261 8,581,261 2,749,658 1,146,653 508,559	436.677,155 293,976,858 1,769,869 7,764,689 1,503,983 1,769,624 1,035,564 383,886	51,042,094 40,856,683 403,032 1,769,592 136,003 161,321 17,343	130,028	487,719,749 334,831,541 2,172,501 9,534,281 1,641,986 1,800,317 1,073,403 401,229	2,617,007,314 1,284,066,636 2,454,256 3,117,980 6,939,631 949,341 113,250	2,661,999,471 1,324,923,319 719,691 4,806,322 7,027,634 908,996 138,281
	4,745,582,215	5.549.962	199,552	4,753,932,645	744,881,628	94,455,899	160,620	519,176,907	1.914,755,738	4.000,700,587
Intangible Assets Software	1.109.057	58.250		3,167,307	1,053,810	779.628		317	2.175 815	
Total intengible Assets	1,109,057	58,250		3,167,307	1.053.810	779,628	7	1,833,438	1.333.869	2.055,247
Grand Total	4,748,691,272	8,608,232	199,552	4,757,099,952	745,935,438	95,235,527	160,620	841,010,345	3,916,089,607	4.002 755 834
31st March 2010	4,737,599.668	11.462.321	370,717	4.748.691,272	652,359,703	93.852.174	276.419	744,615,434		

Fournote:

Vadodara Haral Road Includes an extrinated cost of Rs. 16,763,616 Julyst Warch 2010 Rs. 10,783,619 on Duilding and an estimated cost of Rs. 1,863,000 (31st March 2010 Rs. 1,863,000) on Data Processing Equipments Cost of Ortice Premises includes cost of 2 states of Rs. 100 each asyregating Rs 200 held in Stree Shapath Owners' Association





SCHEDULE E: CURRENT ASSETS, LOANS AND ADVANCES

		As at	(Amount in R:
		31-Mar-11	31-Mar-
(A)	Inventories		
(B)	Sundry Debtors :		
0.00	- Outstanding for a period exceeding six months		
	Unsecured, Considered good Unsecured, Considered doubtful		482,40
	Others	580,000	640,000
	Secured, Considered good	5,667,377	4,292,114
	Unsecured, Considered good	2000	90,420
	 Less; Provision for doubtful debts 	(580,000)	(640,000
(C)	Cash and Bank Balances ;	5,667,377	4,864,936
	Cash in hand Balances with Scheduled Banks:	33,088	68,629
	- In Current Account	8,044,555	5,452,031
	- In Deposit Account	193,860,153	115,027,664
(D)	Other Current Assets :	201,937,796	120,548,324
(0)	- Interest accrued on Bank Deposit	783,695	202 246
	- Income accrued but not due	6,919,694	203,215
		7,703,389	203.215
(E)	Loans and Advances : (Unsecured, Considered Good) - Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be		
	received (Refer Schedule K, Note No. 16)	4,564,567	4,657,976
	Advance Payment of Taxes (net of provisions)	5,487,609	2,312,914
	- Advance Fringe Benefit Tax (net of provisions)	205,699	205,699
	MAT Credit Entitled	49,987,500	50.00
	- Security Deposits	1,349,426	1,332,362
		61,594,801	8,508,951
otal	7.1100	276,903,363	134,125,426

SCHEDULE F: CURRENT LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS

		(Amount in Rs.
	As at 31-Mar-11	As at 31-Mar-10
(A) Current Liabilities: (Refer Schedule K, Note No. 10 and 21) - Sundry creditors	31-maj-(1)	31-19481-1
due to Micro and Small Enterprises		- 44
due to other creditors	115,105,968	79,176,542
 Income received in advance 	21,758,091	18,186,996
- Other liabilities	3,769,629	3.302.039
(B) Provisions:	140,633,688	120,665,577
Provision for compensated absences	239,081	111,905
Provision for Tax (Net of advances)	-	9.034,285
Provision for gratuity (Refer Schedule K, Note No. 20)		22,220
	239,081	9,168,410
otal	140.872.769	129 833 987









SCHEDULE G: OTHER INCOME

(Amount in Rs.)

ne = x		For the year ended 31-Mar-11	For the year ended 31-Mar-10
3.8	Interest on Bank Deposits	8.617,939	2,402,747
	(Tax Deducted At Source Rs. 819,115, Previous period Rs. 251,201)		
1.5	- Excess Provisions written back	on for doubtful debts written back 60,000	98,967 4,740,380
190	Provision for doubtful debts written back		
10	Income for laying cables, pipelines etc.		
3	Interest on late receipt of Toll Instalments	570,901	36,168
10.75	Insurance claim received	404,949	1,569,744
-	Miscellaneous Income	60,000	265,462
Total		15,375,919	9,163,468

SCHEDULE H: ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES

(Amount in Rs.)

	For the year ended 31-Mar-11	For the year ended 31-Mar-10
- Insurance Charges	4,303,067	4,535,297 5,826,295 5,157,507 10,681,780 2,940,359 1,689,942 1,839,611 2,464,907 595,373
 Legal and Professional Fees 	35,749,557	
 Employee Costs (Refer Schedule K, Note 	yee Costs (Refer Schedule K, Note No. 14 and 20) 4,920,281	
 Deputation costs 	5,446,444	
 Travelling and Conveyance 	2.745.296	
- Advertisement Expenses	1,947,771	
- Repairs and Maintenance - Other than B	wilding & Machinery 710, 188	
Auditors' Remuneration (Refer Schedule	K. Note No. 13) 2,145,257	
 Communication Expenses 	nication Expenses 663,602	
Electricity Charges	659,701	2,624,623
Printing and Stationery	312,951	852,447
- Rent.	457,690	419,256
- Rates and Faxes	74,567	34,702
- Directors Sitting Fees	380,000	350,000
- Loss on sale / disposal of assets (Net)	31,732	/2,278
 Provision for doubtful debts 		640,000
Miscellaneous Expenses	435,590	/20,145
Total	50,983,694	41,444,522

SCHEDULE I: INTEREST AND FINANCE CHARGES

(Amount in Rs.)

	For the year ended 31-Mar-11	For the year ended 31-Mar-10
Interest on Debentures	25,654,796	75.143.836
 Interest on loans for fixed period 	290,625,611	307.663.557
 Finance charges 	12,889,754	12,842,665
otal	329,170,161	345,650,058











Schedules forming a part of the financial statements SCHEDULE 'J': SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis for preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India, the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and applicable accounting standards referred to in Section 211(3C) of the Companies Act, 1956. All income and expenditure having a material bearing on the financial statements are recognised on an accrual basis.

2. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles requires the management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including current liabilities) as of the date of the financial statements, the reported income and expenses during the reporting period and disclosure of contingent liabilities. Management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ from these estimates.

3. Fixed Assets

Tangible Fixed Assets

- a) Fixed assets include the project assets (Vadodara Halol Road and Ahmedabad Mehsana Road), which are stated at their original cost of construction less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. All costs, including incidental expenses, financing costs attributable to fixed assets have been capitalised.
- b) Expenses incurred on the project assets include direct and indirect expenses incurred, in the procurement of land, construction of buildings, roads, bridges, culverts, plant & machinery, toll plazas, equipments and other related expenses, prior to the commissioning of the projects.
- c) In the case of project assets, the estimated value of components removed or not reused are reduced from the gross block and the cost of overlay or renewal expenses incurred to increase serviceability and throughput or which are in the nature of preservation costs and which extend the original useful life of the road are capitalised on a component basis.
- d) Fixed assets other than project assets are stated at their original cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The acquisition cost includes the purchase price (excluding refundable taxes) and expenses directly attributable to the asset to bring the asset to the site and in the working condition for its intended use. Examples of directly attributable expenses included in the acquisition value are delivery and handling costs, installation, legal services and consultancy services.

Intangible Fixed Assets

- i) Intangible assets (which comprises of software acquired) are reported at acquisition value with deductions for accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses.
- b) Acquired intangible assets are reported separately from goodwill if they fulfil the criteria for qualifying as an asset, implying they can be separated or they are based on contractual or other legal rights and that their market values can be established in a reliable manner.
- c) An impairment test of intangible assets is conducted annually or more often if there is an indication of a decrease in value. The impairment loss, if any, is reported in the income statement.

4. Depreciation / Amortisation

- Tangible Fixed Assets
 - a. For depreciation on fixed assets other than project assets the Company has adopted the Straight Line Method of depreciation so as to write off the entire cost of the following type of assets at rates higher than those prescribed under Schedule XIV to the Companies Act. 1956, based on the Management's estimate of useful life of such assets:



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Schedules forming a part of the financial statements SCHEDULE 'J': SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Asset Type	Useful Life
Computers	4 years
Specialised Office Equipment	3 years
Assets Provided to Employees	3 Years

- Depreciation on the components of project asset are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period over which the respective component is expected to be overlaid or renewed.
- c. A review of the estimated useful life / the concession period as per the Concession Agreements of the project assets are undertaken by the Management at periodic intervals to assess the additional charge for depreciation, if any.
- In respect of Premises, deprecation is computed on the Straight Line Method at the rates provided under Schedule XIV of the Companies Act, 1956.
- Depreciation on fixed assets other than on assets specified in Notes 4(i)(a) to (d) is provided on the Written Down Value method using the rates prescribed by Schedule XIV to the Companies Act, 1956.
- Intangible assets are reported at acquisition value with deductions for accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any.

Amortisation policy for various intangible assets is given below:

(i) Software	4 years or the useful life of the software, whichever is shorter
(ii) Licensed Software	Over the license period

An assessment of impairment of Intangible Assets is done at each reporting period, and impairment loss, if any, is reported in Profit & Loss account.

- Depreciation is computed pro-rata from the date of acquisition and upto the date of disposal.
- iv. All categories of assets costing less than Rs 5,000 each, mobile phones and items of soft furnishing are fully depreciated in the year of purchase.

5. Impairment of Assets

The carrying values of assets of the Company's cash-generating unit are reviewed for impairment annually or more often if there is an indication of decline in value. If any indication of such impairment exists, the recoverable amounts of those assets are estimated and impairment loss is recognised. If the carrying amount of those assets exceeds their recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the estimated future cash flows to their present value based on appropriate discount factor.

Revenue Recognition

The Company's revenue is recognised on an accrual basis of accounting. Revenue relatable to toll collections of such projects from users of facilities are accounted when the amount is due and recovery is certain. Licence fees for way-side facilities and access are accounted on accrual basis evenly over the period the facility is provided. Where the collection of toll is carried out by the Company through its collecting agents, revenue from toll is recognised upon collections, which coincides with the usage of the toll roads. Where the toll collection activity is auctioned to third parties, the toll revenue is recognised evenly over the period for which the rights of toll collection are assigned.

income from rent is recognised evenly over the period of the contract.











Schedules forming a part of the financial statements SCHEDULE 'J': SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

7. Financial income and borrowing costs

Financial income and borrowing costs include interest income on bank deposits and interest expense on loans.

Interest income is accrued evenly over the period of the related instrument.

Borrowing cost are recognised in the period to which they relate, regardless of how the funds have been utilised, except where it relates to financing of construction of development of assets requiring a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended future use. In such cases interest is capitalised up to the date when the asset is ready for its intended use. The amount of interest capitalised (gross of tax) for the period is determined by applying the interest rate applicable to appropriate borrowings outstanding during the period to the average amount of accumulated expenditure for the assets during the period.

8. Employee Benefits

a) Short term

Short term employee benefits are recognised as an expense at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid over the period of services rendered by the employees to the Company

b) Long term

The Company has both defined-contribution and defined-benefit plans, of which some have assets in special funds or similar securities. The plans are financed by the Company and in the case of some defined contribution plans by the Company along with its employees.

i. Defined-contribution plans

These are plans in which the Company pays pre-defined amounts to separate funds and does not have any legal or informal obligation to pay additional sums. These comprise of contributions to the employees' provident fund, family pension fund and superannuation fund. The Company's payments to the defined-contribution plans are reported as expenses during the period in which the employees perform the services that the payment covers.

Defined-benefit plans

Expenses for defined-benefit gratuity are calculated as at the balance sheet date by independent actuaries in a manner that distributes expenses over the employee's working life. These commitments are valued at the present value of the expected future payments, with consideration for calculated future salary increases, using a discount rate corresponding to the interest rate estimated by the actuary having regard to the interest rate on government bonds with a remaining term that is almost equivalent to the average balance working period of employees.

c) Other benefits

Compensated absences which accrue to employees and which can be carried to future periods but are expected to be encashed or availed in twelve months immediately following the year end are reported as expenses during the year in which the employees perform the services that the benefit covers and the liabilities are reported at the undiscounted amount of the benefits after deducting amounts already paid. Where there are restrictions on availment of encashment of such accrued benefit or where the availment or encashment is otherwise not expected to wholly occur in the next twelve months, the liability on account of the benefit is actuarially determined using the projected unit credit method.





Schedules forming a part of the financial statements SCHEDULE 'J': SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

9. Taxes on Income

The Company's income taxes include taxes on the Company's taxable profits, adjustment attributable to earlier periods and changes in deferred taxes. Valuation of all tax liabilities / receivables is conducted at nominal amounts and in accordance with enacted tax regulations and tax rates or in the case of deferred taxes, those that have been substantially enacted.

Deferred tax is calculated to correspond to the tax effect arising when final tax is determined. Deferred tax corresponds to the net effect of tax on all timing differences, which occur as a result of items being allowed for income tax purposes during a period different from when they were recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are recognised with regard to all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible timing differences can be utilised. When the Company carries forward unused tax losses and unabsorbed depreciation, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is virtual certainty backed by convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax assets can be realised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced by the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or a part of the aggregate deferred tax asset to be utilised.

10. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which reliable estimate can be made. Provisions (excluding retirement benefits) are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Contingent liabilities are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes to financial statements. A contingent asset is neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

11. Cash Flow Statements

The Cash Flow Statement is prepared in accordance with "Indirect Method" as explained in the Accounting Standard (AS) 3 on Cash Flow Statements.

12. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and bank balances, and current investments that have insignificant risk of change in value and have original duration of up to three months, are included in the Company's cash and cash convalents in the Cash Flow Statement.

13. Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit after tax for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares in issue during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit after tax for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the company by the weighted number of equity shares determined by assuming conversion on exercise of conversion rights for all potential dilutive securities.





Schedules forming a part of the financial statements SCHEDULE 'K': NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

 Consequent to the amalgamation of the erstwhile Vadodara Halol Toll Road Company Limited and the erstwhile Ahmedabad Mehsana Toll Road Company Limited with the Company, the concession agreements relating to the Vadodara Halol Road Project (VHRP) and Ahmedabad Mehsana Road Project (AMRP) devolved on the Company.

These agreements conferred the rights of implementing the VHRP and AMRP projects and recovering the respective project costs through levy of toll fees together with a designated rate of return over the balance period of the 30 years concession period or till the time the designated return is recovered, whichever is earlier. The concession agreements also provide that in the event the project cost and the designated return are not recovered at the end of 30 years, the concession period will be extended by two years at a time until the project cost and the return thereon is recovered. The required return is computed with reference to project costs, major maintenance expenses and the earnings determined at quarterly intervals.

The commercial operations at the VHRP and AMRP commenced on 24th October, 2000 and 20th February, 2003, respectively.

2. Independent Auditors, appointed in terms of the concession arrangements, have determined costs of the roads, major maintenance and the returns due to the Company in respect of VHRP up to 30th June, 2010 and AMRP up to 31st March, 2010. As per those certificates, the aggregate of the costs of the road, major maintenance and shortfall in the designated return aggregated Rs. 945.24 crores in the case of the VHRP and Rs. 1,063.35 crores in the case of the AMRP.

3. Contingent Liabilities

Rupees	
As at 31 st March, 2011	As at 31 st March, 2010
	6,080,153
Not ascertainable	Not ascertainable
5,152,055	5.152.055
855,692	855,692
Nit	15,799
76,107,410	NiL
	31" March, 2011 Nil Not ascertainable 5,152,055 855,692 Nil

The Company does not expect any liability to devolve on it in respect of the above contingent habilities.

Advance towards capital / debt:

As required by the restructuring package approved by the Corporate Debt Restructuring ("CDR")
Cell on 17th June, 2004, the promoters advanced the following amounts as advance towards share capital:





Schedules forming a part of the financial statements SCHEDULE 'K': NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Rupees)

	Name of Investor	1	
		Amount	
a.	Government of Gujarat (GoG)	300,000,000	
b.	Infrastructure Leasing & Financial Services Ltd. (IL&FS)	150,000,000	
c.	IL&FS Transportation Networks Limited (ITNL)	150,000,000	
d.	ITNL	450,000,000	

Against Rs. 600.000,000 received in respect of items (a) to (c) above the Company was required to issue 1% Non-Cumulative Convertible Preference Shares ("NCCPS") which, at the end of the 13th year were to be redeemed and convertible into Deep Discount Bonds. Also, against Rs. 450.000,000 received in respect of item (d) above, the Company was required to issue 8% Redeemable Convertible Preference Shares redeemable at the end of 10 years from the date of allotment or on full repayment of dues to lenders, whichever is earlier.

The Company has applied to the CDR for converting the above amounts into subordinated debt. Pending completion of the approval process, the Company has classified the amount as an "Advance towards Capital/Debt".

As no equity shares were intended to be issued against the sum of Rs. 1,050,000,000, no dilutive effect on the earnings per share has been considered in respect of this sum.

5. Preference Shares:

The Company had originally issued Cumulative Redeemable Convertible Preference Shares (CRCPS) carrying 1% dividend, which were to be redeemed at the end of the 13th year from the date of allotment at a premium of 60% on the par value. These shares also carried an option to convert the redemption amount (including the redemption premium of 60%) into Deep Discount Bonds (DDBs) at the end of the 13th year at a value calculated based on the issue price of Rs. 17.38 each at the time of conversion and having a maturity value of Rs. 153.98 each redeemable over a period of 3 years commencing from the 5th year from the date of conversion into DDBs, However, consequent to the restructuring of the Company's corporate debt, the subscribers to the CRCPS agreed to a revision in the terms thereof to the effect that the dividends become non-cumulative and the CRCPS became Non-Cumulative Redeemable Convertible Preference Shares (NRCPS) with effect from 1st April, 2004. As a result, the base price and the redemption price of each DDB stood modified; and the prices would be determined at the end of the 13th Year.

As a part of the restructuring package approved by the CDR Cell, the Company is not permitted to declare any dividend on equity or preference shares without making good the sacrifices of the lenders.

The accumulated premium accrued on NRCPS and not provided for as at 31st March, 2011, aggregates Rs. 136,795,174 (31st March, 2010 Rs. 120.653,963) and the tax on distribution thereof aggregates Rs. 22,719,968 (31st March, 2010 Rs. 20.039,115).

5. Secured Loans: Nature of Security

- a. Loans from financial institutions, banks and others aggregating Rs. 779.672.287 (31° March 2010 Rs. 1.026.416.935) are secured by first charge and loans from others aggregating Rs. 308.800,000 (31° March 2010 Rs. 308.800.000) are secured by second charge, on all present and future immovable properties including project assets and hypothecation of all present and future tangible and intangible movable assets and monies, instruments, receivables and investments of the Company.
 - The Company is in the process of creating charge in respect of loan of Rs. 104.040,026 (31° March 2010 Rs. 139,710,902) taken from a financial institution.
- b. Deep Discount Bonds along with interest accrued but not due, aggregating Rs. 1,038,928.098 (31)⁴ March 2010 Rs. 920,780,660) are secured by a pari-passu first charge in favour of the Enistee along with the other senior lenders of the Company on the respective project assets and all tangible and intangible assets, including but not limited to rights over the project site, project documents, financial assets such as receivables, cash, investments, insurance proceeds, etc.





Schedules forming a part of the financial statements SCHEDULE 'K': NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

c. Non-Convertible Debentures aggregating Rs. 200,000,000 (31st March 2010 Rs. 200,000,000) are secured by a pari-passu first charge in favour of the Trustee along with the other senior lenders of the Company on the project assets and all tangible and intangible assets, including but not limited to rights over the project site, project documents, financial assets such as receivables, cash, investments, insurance proceeds, etc.

Deep Discount Bonds: Redemption

2.000 Deep Discount Bonds (DDBs) issued at Rs. 50,000 each are redeemable at Rs. 284,521 each at the end of the 15th year from the deemed date of allotment (i.e. 1st July, 2003).

60,000 DDBs issued at Rs. 5,000 each are redeemable at Rs. 34,362 each at the end of 16th year. The DDBs carried a "take-out" option at the end of 8th year at Rs. 11,937 each in respect of 47,000 DDBs allotted on 17th April, 2000 and 3,000 DDBs allotted on 18th April, 2000 and Rs. 11,886 each in respect of 10,000 DDBs allotted on 30th November, 2000.

Infrastructure Leasing & Financial Services Limited ("IL&FS") and Infrastructure Development Finance Company Limited ("IDFC") had provided take-out finance assistance to the Company with IL&FS purchasing 8,217 DDBs and IDFC providing take out finance in the form of loan to the Company to pay holders of 16,435 DDBs.

The Company is awaiting clearance from IDFC for cancellation of DDBs. In the meantime the DDBs to the extent, the holders have been paid out, have been reduced from the liabilities and the loan from IDFC Rs.104,040.026 (31st March 2010 Rs. 139,710,902) has been classified as a part of "Secured Loans" from Financial Institutions in Schedule C.

8. The balance outstanding against Deep Discount Bonds (DDBs) includes accrued interest aggregating Rs. 721.103,098 (31st March, 2010 Rs. 602,955,660) which is payable at the time of redemption of the DDBs. Since the accretion to the liability amount did not involve cash and cash equivalents, the amount of Rs. 721,103,098 (31st March, 2010 Rs. 602,955,660) has been excluded from the "Financing Activities" cash flows in the Cash Flow Statement.

9. Non-Convertible Debentures: Redemption

4.000 Non-Convertible Debentures issued on 1st July, 2003, at Rs. 50,000 each are redeemable / repayable in five equal annual instalments of Rs. 40,000,000 each commencing at the end of 11th year from the date of allotment (i.e. 1st July, 2003).

10. Included in sundry creditors is a sum of Rs. 50.425.358 (31st March, 2010 Rs. 44,204,559) being dues on account of commitment charges payable to IL&FS [Rs. 28,731,685 (31st March, 2010 Rs. 28,731,685)] and ITNL [Rs. 21.693,673 (31st March, 2010 Rs. 15,472,874)]. These amounts are payable to IL&FS and ITNL for providing an irrevocable revolving Letter of Credit of Rs. 1,800,000,000 for Debt Service Reserve Fund (which can be used by the Company to service its debts in the event of shortfall of funds) which is payable only after repayment of term loans and Deep Discount Bonds. Also included in sundry creditors is sum of Rs. 1,000,000 (31st March 2010 Rs. 1,000,000) payable in respect of acquisition of fixed assets / capital work in progress.

11. Toll Receivable Account

The balance in the Toll Receivable Account of Rs. 2.033.496,000 represents the aggregate shortfall in the assured return as per the terms of the concession agreements (referred to in Note No. 1 above) up to 30th September, 2003. The amount of Rs. 2.033.496,000 was recognised with a corresponding credit to the General Reserve as per the Order dated 18th May, 2005 of the Honourable High Court of Gujarat, Ahmedabad, sanctioning the Scheme of Amalgamation of the erstwhile Vadodara Halol Toll Road Company Limited and Ahmedabad Mehsana Toll Road Company Limited with the Company. Such shortfall has not been recognised as an asset subsequent to the amalgamation as the income has not been earned under the concession agreement. Had the shortfall not been accounted for as aforesaid, the Toll Receivable Account and the General Reserve would not have reflected any balance and the balance in the Profit and Loss Account as at the balance sheet date would have been higher at a debit balance of Rs. 1,077,445,688 (31) March, 2010 debit balance in the Profit and Loss Account would have been Rs. 916,896,703).







Schedules forming a part of the financial statements SCHEDULE 'K': NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. Deferred Tax and Credit for Minimum Alternate Tax

As at 31st March 2010, the Company had recomputed its depreciation allowance under Income Tax Act, 1961 based on the revised WDV of assets which included unabsorbed depreciation allowance of earlier years before the merger of VHRP and AMRP considering the decisions of the Honourable Bombay High Court in case of Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Limited 187 ITR 1 and of the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal (Delhi) in the case of Noida Toll Bridge Company Limited. Additionally, deferred tax assets arising due to carried forward business losses were not recognised in the absence of virtual certainty of future taxable profits against which such assets could be realised, though the deferred tax asset on unabsorbed depreciation was recognised. Deferred tax assets of Rs. 548,782,795/- computed on unabsorbed depreciation was recognised to the extent of deferred tax liability arising from timing differences on account of depreciation (net of other deferred tax assets), the reversal of which was certain. However, in the absence of virtual certainty of future taxable income against which the Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid could be realised, the Company did not recognise the tax savings arising there from.

As at 31st March, 2011, the Company has reassessed the realisation of its deferred tax assets from carried forward business losses and unabsorbed depreciation as well as realisation of Minimum Alternate Tax payments on the basis of:

a. orders received from the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal,

b. the forecast of future performance evaluated taking into account the terms of the concession arrangement which, amongst other things, provides for an assured return of 20% on equity invested in the projects by extension of its concessions for a period of two years at a time beyond the initial period of 30 years, and

the consistency of its profitable performance in the last 3 years.

The components of deferred tax are as under -

		Rupees
	As at 31 st March, 2011	As at 31 st March, 2010
Deferred Tax Liability		
In respect of Depreciation	670,506,431	526,680,112
Deferred Tax Asset		
In respect of retirement benefits	77,570	44,553
In respect of provision for doubtful debts	188,181	212,592
In respect of unabsorbed depreciation/carried forward business losses	302,537,912	526,422,967
Net Deferred Tax Liability	367,702,768	Nil

A credit has been taken for MAT payments made prior to the commencement of the current financial year aggregating to Rs. 10,866,400 which are expected to be realised. The current tax charge for the year ended 31st March, 2011 is net off MAT credit of an equal amount expected to be realised against future taxable profits.

13. Auditors' Remuneration:

			Rupees
Sr. No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2011	For the year ended 31" March, 2010
(a)	For Audit Fees	1,300,000	1,222,500
(b)	For Tax Audit	240,000	100,000
(c)	Other Assurance Services	390,000	900,000
(d)	Service Tax	200,328	230,178
(e)	Out of Pocket Expenses	14,929	12,229

A sum of Rs. 1,250,189 (31st March, 2010 Rs. 1,170,000), excluding service tax, has been paid to a firm in which some of the partners of the Auditors' firm are partners is included under the head "Legal and Professional Fees" in Schedule H. Administrative and General Expenses.

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Schedules forming a part of the financial statements SCHEDULE 'K': NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14. Employee costs include Salaries, Bonus and Allowances Rs. 3,427,001 (31st March, 2010 Rs. 4.344,771); Contribution to Provident and Other Funds Rs. 209,139 (31st March, 2010 Rs. 119,257); and Staff Training and Welfare Expenses Rs. 1,284,141 (31st March, 2010 Rs. 693,479).

15. Managerial Remuneration

Computation of net profit in accordance with Section 349 of the Companies Act, 1956 in respect of remuneration payable to Manager:

Particulars	For the year ended 31" March, 2011	For the year ended 31" March, 2010
Profit before tax	196,287,383	192,637,950
Add: Loss/(Profit) on sale of fixed Assets	31,732	72.278
Add: Managerial remuneration	1,032,058	813,229
Net profit as per section 198	197,351,173	193,523,457
Managerial remuneration @ 11% of net profit	21,708,629	21,287,580
Restricted to	1,032,058	813,229

Paid to Manager

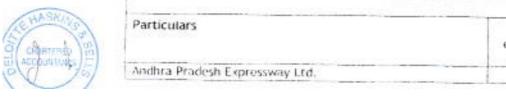
-			Rupee
Sr. No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2011	For the year ended 31st March, 2010
1	Salary, bonus and allowances	941.337	737,629
2	Contribution to Provident and Superannuation Fund	90,721	75,600
	Total	1,032,058	813,229

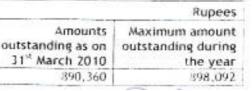
The managerial remuneration for the year does not include contribution for gratuity and compensation of absences as separate figures relating to the Manager is not available.

16. Amounts recoverable from Companies under the same management Current year

		Rupees
Particulars	Amounts outstanding as on 31st March, 2011	Maximum amount outstanding during the year
Andhra Pradesh Expressway Ltd.	53,889	1.006,452
Chhattisgarh Highways Development Co., Ltd.	/2.853	72.853
East Hyderabad Expressway Ltd.	19,143	13,914
ILtiF5 Cluster Development Initiative Ltd.	15.000	15,000
ILItFS Ecosmart India Ltd.	+	3,000
IL&FS Infrastructure Development Corporation Ltd.	50,500	56,500
IL&FS Urban Infrastructure Services Ltd.		3,000
ITNL Road Infrastructure Development Company Ltd.		89.215
Road Infrastructure Development Company of Rajasthan Ltd.		1,062
West Gujarat Expressway Ltd.		172,670

Previous year









Schedules forming a part of the financial statements SCHEDULE 'K': NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		Rupees
Particulars	Amounts outstanding as on 31st March 2010	Maximum amount outstanding during the year
Chhattisgarh Highways Development Co. Ltd.	72,120	118,235
East Hyderabad Expressway Ltd.	33.914	108,302
Elsamex India (P) Ltd.		15,000
IL&FS Cluster Development Initiative Ltd.	1,500	6,000
II.&FS Ecosmart India Ltd.		18,000
IL&FS Infrastructure Development Corporation Ltd.	19,500	37,500
LEAFS Urban Infrastructure Services Ltd.	3,000	3,000
ITNL Road Infrastructure Development Company Ltd.	1,500	1,500
North Karnataka Expressway Limited		2,000
Project Development Company of Rajasthan Ltd.		2,000
Road Infrastructure Development Company of Rajasthan Ltd.	3,062	9,062
Tamil Nadu Water Investment Co. Ltd.	3,000	3,000
West Gujarat Expressway Ltd.	48,014	48,014

17. Related Party Disclosures

Disclosures as required by Accounting Standard (AS) 18 on 'Related Party Disclosure' are as follows: Current year: -

a. Related Parties and their relationship

ð.	Company - Ultimate Holding Company Holding Company		Infrastructure Leasing & Financial Services Limited (IL&FS)
b.			ILEEFS Transportation Networks Limited (ITNL)
C,	Key management personnel		Mr. Mukund Sapre (Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Ankit Sheth (Manager & Company Secretary)
d.	Fellow Subsidiaries	1	IL&FS Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited (IIDCL)
	(with whom there	2	IL&FS Trust Company Limited (ITCL)
	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3	West Gujarat Expressway Limited (WGEL)
		4	Andhra Pradesh Expressway Limited (APEL)
		'n	Chattisgarh Highways Development Company Limited (CHDCL)
		6	IL&FS Cluster Development Initiative Limited (ICDIL)
		East Hyderabad Expressway Limited (EHEL)	

5. The nature and volume of transactions during the year ended 31st March, 2011 with the above related parties are as follows:

(Rupees)

Nature of Transaction	Amount	Company
Commitment Charges	6.912,000	ITNL
Interest Paid on Borrowings	121,031,736	ILBFS
Interest Paid on Borrowings	39,611,005	ITNL
Loans Repaid	99,694,620	ILBFS
Security Agent Fees	1,103.000	ILAFS
Takeout Assistance fees	2,260,917	ILAFS
Toll Operation Expenses	61,579,977	ITNL
Consultancy Fees	27,575,000	ITNL
Deep Discount Bonds Trusteeship Fees	110,300	ITCI.





Schedules forming a part of the financial statements SCHEDULE 'K': NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Nature of Transaction	Amount	Company
Remuneration	1.032.058	Mr. Ankit Sheth (Manager & Company Secretary)

Note: - Reimbursement of cost is not included above

c. The nature and volume of closing balances as at 31st March, 2011 with the above related parties are as follows:

(Rupees)

Balance Outstanding	Amount	Company	
Loans outstanding	933,131,377	IL&FS	
Loans outstanding	308,800,000	ITNL	
Commitment Charges Payable	28,731,685	IL&FS	14-27/2
Commitment Charges Payable	21,693,673	ITNL	
Advance towards Share Capital	150,000,000	IL&FS	
Advance towards Share Capital	600,000,000	ITNL	
Payable on current account	187.856	ILEFS	
Receivable on current account	992,466	ITNL,	
Receivable on current account	53,889	APEL	
Receivable on current account	72,853	CHDCL	
Receivable on current account	19,143	EHEL	
Receivable on current account	15,000	ICDIL.	
Receivable on current account	50,500	IIDCL	

Previous Year:

d. Related Parties and their relationship

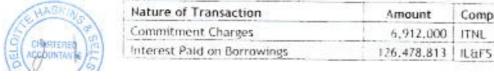
J.	Company having significant influence- Ultimate Holding Company Holding Company		Infrastructure Leasing & Financial Services Limited (IL&FS)
b.			ILRES Transportation Networks Limited (ITNL)
c.	Key management personnel		Mr. Mukund Sapre (Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Ankit Sheth (Manager & Company Secretary)
d.	Fellow Subsidiaries	1	IL&FS Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited (IIDCL)
	(with whom there	2	IL&FS Trust Company Limited (ITCL)
	have been transactions during the year;	3	West Gujarat Expressway Limited (WGEL)
		4	Andhra Pradesh Expressway Limited (APEL)
		5	Chattisgarh Highways Development Company Limited (CHDCL)
		6	IL&FS Cluster Development Initiative Limited (ICDIL)
		7	East Hyderabad Expressway Limited (EHEL)
. 7		8	IL&FS Infrastructure Equity Fund (IIEF)
- 1		9	IL&FS Urban Infrastructure Services Limited (IUISL)
- 33		10	ITNL Road Infrastructure Development Company Ltd (IRIDCL)
- 3		11	Tamil Nadu Water Investment Company Ltd. (TNWICL)
	12	12	Road Infrastructure Development Company of Rajasthan Ltd (RIDCOR)

e. The nature and volume of transactions during the year with the above related parties are as follows:

Company

(Rupees)

15.60



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Schedules forming a part of the financial statements SCHEDULE 'K': NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Nature of Transaction	Amount	Company
Interest Paid on Borrowings	38.822.087	ITNL
Loans Repaid	99.694.620	ILEFS
Security Agent Fees	1,103,000	IL&FS
Takeout Assistance fees	1,828,280	ILEFS
Toll Operation Expenses	54,172,280	ITNL
Deep Discount Bonds Trusteeship Fees	110,300	ITCL
Remuneration	2,885,033	Mr. Mukund Sapre (Chief Executive Officer)
	813,229	Mr. Ankit Sheth (Manager & Company Secretary)

Note: - Reimbursement of cost is not included above

f. The nature and volume of closing balances as at 31st March, 2010 with the above related parties are as follows:

(Rupees)

Balance Outstanding	Amount	Company	
Loans outstanding	989,331,602	ILEFS	
Loans outstanding	308,800,000	ITNL	
Commitment Charges Payable	28,731,685	ILGFS	
Commitment Charges Payable	15,472,874	ITNL	
Advance towards Share Capital	150,000,000	HEF	
Advance towards Share Capital	600,000,000	ITNL	
Payable on current account	5,896,215	ITNL	
Peceivable on current account	4,821	ILEFS	
Receivable on current account	390,360	APEL	
Receivable on current account	72,120	CHDCL	
Receivable on current account	13,914	EHEL	
Receivable on current account	1.500	ICDIL	
Receivable on current account	19,500	IIDCL	
Peceivable on current account	3,000	IUISL	
Receivable on current account	1,500	IRIDCL	
Receivable on current account	3.062	RIDCOR	
Receivable on current account	3,000	TNWICL	
Receivable on current account	48.014	WGEL	- 1100

18. The Company operates in a single business segment viz. developing, widening, strengthening, operating and maintaining roads on a "Build-Own-Operate-Transfer" (BOOT) basis. Also it operates in a single geographic segment. In the absence of separate reportable business or geographic segments the disclosures required under the Accounting Standard (AS) 17 on "Segment Reporting" have not been made.

19. Earnings per Share (EPS):

	Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
(A)	Net (Loss) / Profit for the year (Rupees)	(160,548,985)	181,771,550
(B)	Less: Premium on non Cumulative Redeemable Convertible Preference Shares including tax thereon (Rupees)	(18,822,065)	(18,822,065)
(C)	Net (Loss) / Profit Attributable to Shareholders (Rupees) (see footnote (a) below)	(179,371,050)	162,949,485
(D)	Weighted Average number of Equity Shares	91.542,271	91,542,271





Schedules forming a part of the financial statements SCHEDULE 'K': NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
(E)	Face value per equity share (Rupees)	10,00	10.00
(F)	Basic EPS (C) / (D) (Rupees)	(1.96)	1.78
(G)	Diluted EPS (also see footnote (b) below)	(1.96)	1.78

Footnotes: -

- Consequent to the restrictions on declaration of dividend as explained in note no. 5 above, dividend on preference shares has not been adjusted in computing the earnings per share.
- As no equity shares were intended to be issued against the advance towards share capital, this sum has not been considered for computing the diluted earnings per share (also see note no. 4 above).

20. Employee Benefit Obligations

Defined-Contribution Plans

The Company offers its employees defined contribution plan in the form of provident fund, family pension fund and superannuation fund. Provident fund, family pension fund and superannuation fund cover substantially all regular employees. Contributions are paid during the year into separate funds under certain fiduciary-type/statutory arrangements. While both the employees and the Company pay predetermined contributions into the provident fund and pension fund, the contributions to superannuation fund are made only by the Company. The contributions are normally based on a certain proportion of the employee's salary.

A sum of Rs. 165,725 (31st March 2010 Rs. 129,558) has been charged to the Profit and Loss Account in this respect.

Defined Benefits Plans

The Company offers its employees defined-benefit plans in the form of a gratuity scheme (a lump sum amount). Benefits under the defined benefit plans are typically based on years of service and the employee's compensation (immediately before retirement). The gratuity scheme covers substantially all regular employees. In the case of the gratuity scheme, the Company contributes funds to a Life Insurance Corporation of India. Commitments are actuarially determined at year-end. The actuarial valuation is done based on "Projected Unit Credit" method. Gains and losses of changed actuarial assumptions are charged to the Profit and Loss Account.

The net value of the defined-benefit commitment is detailed below:

		Rupees
Gratuity (Funded Plan)	As at 31st March, 2011	As at 31st March, 2010
Present Value of Commitments	242,500	185,897
Fair Value of Plans	382,361	163,677
Liability/(Asset)taken to the balance sheet	(139,961)	22,220

Defined benefit commitments:

		Rupees
Gratuity (Funded Plan)	As at 31st March, 2011	As at 31 st March, 2010
Opening balance	185,897	182,688
Current Service Cost	35,430	20,440
Interest expenses	15,337	13,702
Benefits paid	(19,205)	
Actuarial (gain) / loss	25,041	(30,933)
Closing balance	242,500	185,897







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GUJARAT ROAD AND INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED

Schedules forming a part of the financial statements SCHEDULE 'K': NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Plan assets: Gratuity

Rupees

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Gratuity (Funded Plan)	As at 31 st March, 2011	As at 31 st March, 2010	
Opening balance	163,677	34,498	
Expected return on scheme assets	13,094	2,760	
Contributions by the Company	205,595	115,669	
Actuarial gain / (loss)	19,300	10,750	
Benefits paid	(19,205)		
Closing balance	382,461	163,677	

The entire amount is funded with the Life Insurance Corporation of India ("LIC"), which manages the plan assets. The Company has not been able to obtain details of the investment pattern from the LIC.

Return on plan assets: Gratuity

Rupees

	For the year ended 31st March, 2011	For the year ended 31st March, 2010
Expected return on plan assets	13,094	2,760
Actuarial gain / (loss)	19,300	10,750
Actual return on plan assets	32,394	13,510

Expenses on defined benefit plan recognised in the profit and loss account:

Rupees

		11000000
Gratuity (Funded Plan)	For the year ended 31 st March, 2011	For the year ended 31st March, 2010
Current service costs	35,430	20,440
Interest expense	15,337	13,702
Expected return on investment	(13,094)	(2,760)
Net actuarial (gain) / loss	5,741	(41,683)
Amount (credited) / charged to the profit and loss account	43,414	(10,301)

The actuarial calculations used to estimate defined benefit commitments and expenses are based on the following assumptions, which if changed, would affect the defined benefit commitment's size, funding requirements and pension expense.

	As at 31" March, 2011	As at 31 st March, 2010	
Rate for discounting liabilities	8.25% p.a.	8.25% p.a.	
Expected salary increase rate	6.00% p.a.	4.50% p.a.	
Expected return on scheme assets	8.00% p.a.	8.00% p.a.	
Attrition	2.00% p.a	2.00% p.a	
Mortality table used	LIC (1994-96) Ultimate		

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in the actuarial valuation, take into account Asimilation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market.



Schedules forming a part of the financial statements SCHEDULE 'K': NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The present values of the obligation, fair value of the plan assets, surplus or deficit in the plan, experience adjustments arising on plan liabilities and plan assets as at 31st March, 2011, 31st March, 2009, 31st March, 2009, 31st March, 2008 and 31st March, 2007 are given below:

Rupees

Town Street Street Land					nupces
Gratuity (Funded Plan)	As at 31 st March, 2011	As at 31 st March, 2010	As at 31 st March, 2009	As at 31 st March, 2008	As at 31st March, 2007
Defined benefit commitments	242,500	185,897	182.688	216,460	298,330
Plans assets	382,461	163,677	34,498	239,063	458.082
(Surplus) / (139,961) Deficit	(139,961)	22,220	148,190	(22,603)	(159,752)
	For the year ended 31st March, 2011	For the year ended 31st March, 2010	For the year ended 31 st March, 2009	For the year ended 31" March, 2008	For the year ended 31 st March, 2007
Experience adjustments on plan commitments gain / (loss)	(25,041)	(23,025)	(414,395)	(160,442)	128,580
Experience adjustments on plan assets gain / (loss)	19.300	10,750	481	5,365	6.374

The contributions expected to be made by the Company during the financial year 2011-12 is Rs. Nil.

- 21. Based on information received by the Company from its vendors, the amount of principal outstanding in respect of Micro and Small Enterprises as at Balance Sheet date covered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 is Rs, Nil (31st March, 2010 Rs, Nil). Finere were no delays in the payment of dues to Micro and Small Enterprises.
- Asset Management Custs include cost of routine maintenance in respect of AMRP and VHRP regregating Rs. 118,745,468 (31⁻⁴ March, 2010 Rs. 20.838,267).
- Previous year's figures have been regrouped / rearranged whenever necessary to conform to the classification of the current year.

For and on behalf of the Board

Chief Executive Officer

Director

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Manager & Company Secretary

Place: crandhinagou

CHARTENED DATE: April 20, 2011